#### Get in Position to Communicate

seating, mounting, and physical access

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# Today's agenda

- Seating and Positioning Basics making AAC devices usable
- O Positioning as it relates to AAC access
- O Mounting table vs. wheelchair vs. floor
- Mounting in the home/work/community environment

# What are the three most important factors for successful AAC use?

1. Position

2. Position



#### Who cares about the user's position?

- O Comfort if the user is in pain or discomfort <u>all</u> areas of function are impacted
- Medical complications can be the result of poor positioning
- Interactions with the world are significantly impacted by position if I can't see you, I may not think to talk with you.
- Ability to use a device is significantly impacted by position

# Let gravity do the work



A small tilt engages gravity to rest the head against the head rest.

Keep relative upright position allows full interaction with the world.

Significantly decreases the work of the neck muscles.

Same effect as positioning chair against the wall.

Position device at eye level

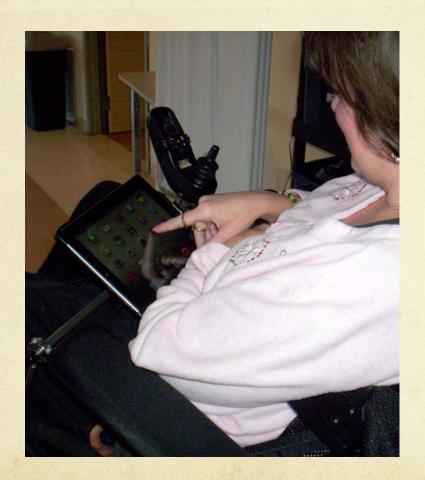
### Within Reach - physical access

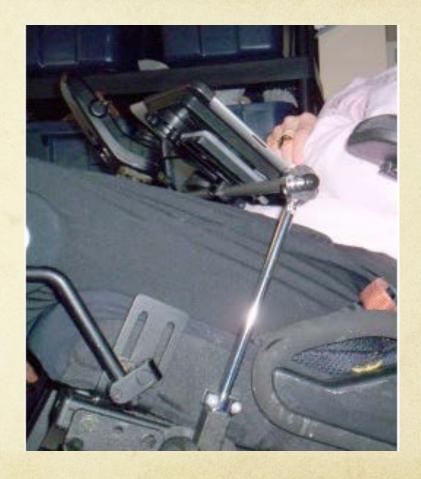
- The further away the access device is the harder it is to use.
  - O You are requiring use of more muscle groups
    - Requires more strength
    - Requires more coordination
    - O High risk of fatigue
    - High risk of inaccurate access













# Simple phone positioning options











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# Mobility Status - Ambulatory

#### Initial considerations

- Independent or ambulating with a device
  - O Small and mobile
  - Quick Access strategies
  - O Tablet, iPad, iPad mini
  - Mounting?? If no use of hands
    - Severely limits where the device can be used
    - O Table mount
    - Floor mount

#### Table Mounts

- O Portable
- O Used when person is not using a wheelchair
- O Sits on top or clamps on to table







# Lap desk





#### Bill

- Ambulatory uses a cane
- O Good use of right arm/poor strength in left arm
- O Poor strength in left arm
- Poor speech
- Reports most difficulty communicating at work

- Ambulates without the cane in the shop, does not carry the iPad around
- Worked in machine shop -
  - Noisy
  - O Co-workers were long time machine shop workers
  - Voice output not functional in this setting
- Walks over to desktop computer and types messages for communication partners to read ("The best thing about the computer is that it is always where it is supposed to be.")
- Asked about communication breakdown "It's a pain to drag someone over to the computer to type."

#### Barriers

- O Use of quick access strategies ("point sheets")
  - Had been given earlier. They are in the back seat of his car – he does not use them.
- O Use of Phone to communicate?
  - O Difficult to hold
  - O Concerned that it is too heavy to keep holding
- O Use of high tech system?
  - "You can't teach an old dog new tricks."



Wraps around his left forearm - does not need to hold it, or retrieve it

Uses right hand to spell out messages

Added numbers, / and decimal point because he needed to convey sizes uses these symbols

Made with printable fabric, D-ring straps



# Mobility Status - Manual Wheelchair

# Mobility status - manual wheelchair

- Needs to provide supportive seat and back
- One size does NOT fit all
- Feet should be supported on foot rest
- Tubing!







# Tilt-in-Space Frame mounting





# Tilt-in-Space Seat pan mount





# Mobility Status - Power Wheelchair

# Mobility Status Power Chair

- O Independent Mobility!!
- Needs to provide supportive seat and back
- Control options joystick, foot control, head control
- One size does NOT fit all
- Seat pan!
- Challenge finding real estate



#### Wheelchair Mount

- Mount to seat pan or frame not to foot rest!
- O Base stays on chair, tubing is easily installed/removed
- Tubing and device can be a handful to carry around (suitcase anyone?)
- Provides consistent position









#### Andrew

- Eye tracking user
- Wants to use the device for TV controls
- Placement of device cannot obstruct view of TV (or view of communication partners)
- Spends his day in a power wheelchair received wheelchair mount with his device
- Fair head control but can turn his head to the left





#### Floor Mount

- Consider for Ambulatory Patients
- Consider for nonconstant wheelchair use
- Consider for singlelocation use
- Consider for people who use a recliner as a primary seating option



# Floor Mount = large footprint

- Large footprint for stability
- O In bed, in recliner, in wheelchair







### Star-based = smaller footprint

- 25 pound weight for stability
- Easy to move around
- O 25" diameter base
- O Device does not go much beyond the base



#### Sarah

- ALS diagnosis six years ago
- Severe dysarthria
- No functional use of arms or hands
- Ambulatory good lower extremity strength
- Rocks the eye tracking device in our clinic
- O Provided with loaner device, rehadapt floor mount



#### Sent home with:

In our clinic, Sarah was seated in an office chair. We positioned the AAC device at the correct height, distance, and angle. She was able to use eye tracking to spell out messages and participate in conversation.





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### Email follow up:

"We did find the technology to be very useful for Sarah but our only issue is the size of the base mount which is rather large for our living area and is rather cumbersome at times."

### Home visit

Mount is turned backwards

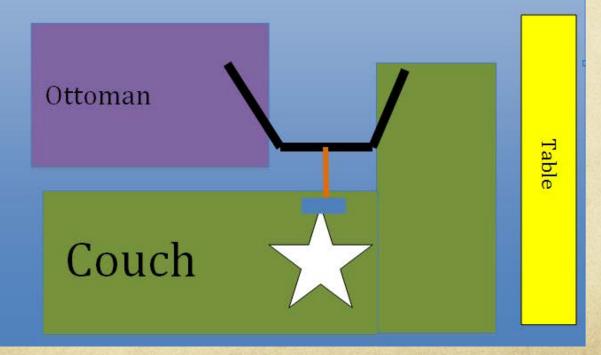
Legs of mount are secured under the ottoman and couch

Once set up – Sarah can not get out

Nurse cannot reach Sarah to provide care

Chair

TV table





### Solution – star base mount

Mount is stable

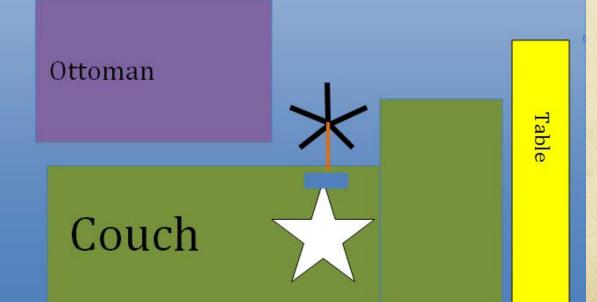
Sarah can move the mount with her feet so she can stand

Sarah can move the mount with her feet to fine-tune position of the device for improved use

Easily moved for nursing care

Chair

TV table



#### Small footprint

She can use her feet to reposition the device or to move it entirely out of her way.

Lots of equipment for her care

Sarah is comfortable and supported leaning back against the couch



### iPhone/iPad/Tablet

- O Don't need a heavy duty mount
- O Positioning device means you don't have to hold it
- O Position to best advantage supporting arm on armrest, for example









### Steve

- O Keeps breaking his cell phone because he drops it
- Finding it hard to hold the phone in his left hand for typing with his right hand
- O Lives alone, part-time PCA's
- Independent transfer, uses power wheelchair within the home and community

### First Draft

Clipped onto "handle bar"

Phone is Velcro'd to the mounting plate

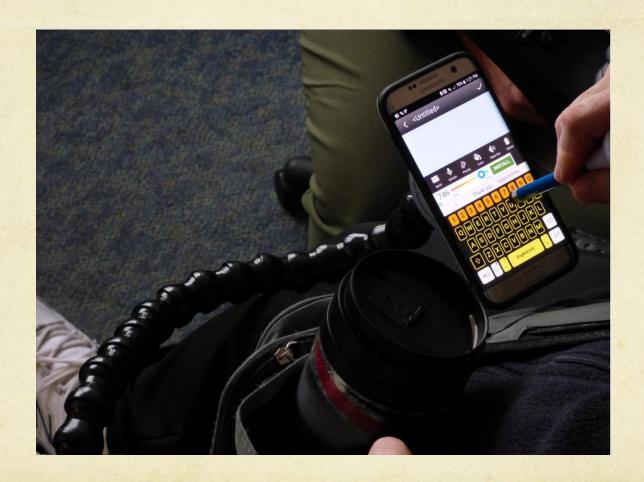
Elbow supported by arm rest

Stylus – keeps hand away from touch screen

Can independently move the mount away to transfer



### First Draft



### Next Draft

Shorter lock line gives increased stability

Elbow supported on arm rest

Stylus

Can move out of the way to transfer

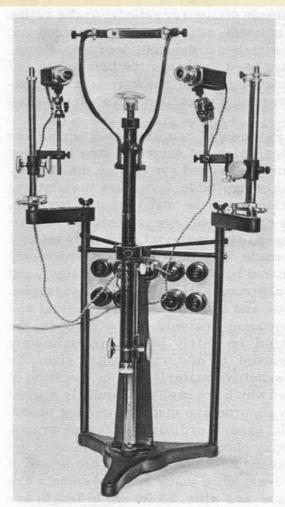
Clip positioned vertically to avoid adding width to the chair



### Next draft



# Some Thoughts about Eye Tracking Devices



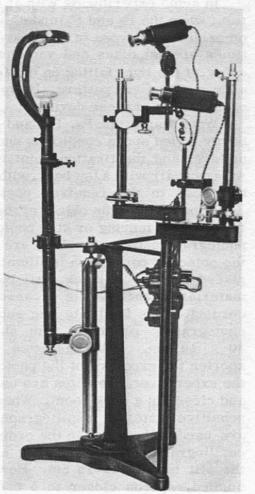


Fig. 21. The apparatus used in recording eye movements.

The three things you need for successful AAC device use:
Position
Position
Position



# Trouble Calibrating?

- Distance
- O Height
- Angle
- Pay attention to the information that the device provides
- Small adjustments, even when the device is telling you it is well positioned, can change a fair calibration to a good calibration

Because the device often needs to be in front of the user's face, it can be difficult to replicate a friendly conversation.

Key clicks can be helpful in alerting communication partners that you are typing

All participants need to adjust to the slower pace

Communication partners should try to position themselves to be seen/to see the eye tracking user

# For every plus there is a minus

Because the eye tracking device often needs to be positioned in front of the user, mounting the device may compromise a person's ability to independently drive a power chair.

## Switch Mounting





- Find the best switch site
- Reliable and Repeatable
- Consider fatigue
- Consider required pressure
- Consider both press and liftoff

### Look Ma - No Hands







### Beth

- Eye tracking system funded by insurance
- Spends most time in her power wheelchair
   Daessy wheelchair mount
- O Using switch selection with eye tracking specs switch with her right hand



### Switch too hard to press

- Consider dwell clicking
- Foot movement reliable
- O Unable to lift foot up, but can press down
- Successful with plate switch on the foot plate



# No longer able to press with foot

- Consider dwell clicking
- Right finger can press on mouse button if placed on the mouse and draped over the mouse buttons
- O Beth is unable to lift her finger to release
- The tension of the mouse button lifts the button up to release the click
- Needs the positioning of the ergonomic mouse to generate finger flexion
- Cannot use mouse click in conjunction with eye tracking on this device – it's not the same as a switch click

Mouse supported on lap desk

P-switch (sensor switch) between her finger and the mouse button











# Thank you!!

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