# ALS, Communication & All That

## June 9 - 10, 2017

## New Orleans, Louisiana

## LSU Health - Human Development Center 411 South Prieur Street www.hdc.lsuhsc.edu







### ALS & Communication and All That Jazz

June 9-10, 2017 LSU Human Development Center, 411 S. Prieur St., New Orleans

	Day 1: Friday, June 9, 2017
8:15 – 9:00 1 <sup>st</sup> Floor Lobby	REGISTRATION and Continental Breakfast
9:00 - 10:45 Auditorium #130	Plenary John Costello, Boston Children's Hospital ALS and AAC: Proactive Assessment, System Design and Implementation
10:45 - 11:00	BREAK
11:00 – 12:00 Auditorium #130	Panel Discussion of pALS
12:00 - 1:15 Chancellor Dining Room #335	LUNCH provided in Chancellor Dining Room #335
1:15 – 3:00 Auditorium #130	Plenary Session Peggy Dellea, MS, OT/L, Boston Children's Hospital Computer Access: A Mouse by Any Other Name
	Day 2: Saturday, June 10, 2017
8:30 – 9:00 1 <sup>st</sup> Floor Lobby	Continental Breakfast
9:00 - 10:45 Auditorium #130	Plenary Lisa G. Bardach, MS CCC-SLP, ALS of Michigan <i>Data-Driven Evals for pALS</i>
10:45 - 11:00	BREAK
11:00 – 12:00 Auditorium #130	Austin Edenfield, Team Gleason Environment Controls
12:00 - 1:15 Chancellor Dining Room #335	LUNCH provided in Chancellor Dining Room #335
1:15 - 2:30	Break-out Sessions
Auditorium #130	Lisa G. Bardach, MS CCC-SLP, ALS of Michigan Hands On! Demo and Practice with Communication Technology
Room #335	Peggy Dellea, MS, OT/L, Boston Children's Hospital Get in Position to Communicate: Seating, Mounting, and Physical Access
Room #231	Austin Edenfield, Team Gleason Demo: Environment Controls
2:30 – 3:00 Auditorium #130	Closing Session

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#### Program

9:00 - 10:45 Plenary Auditorium #130 John Costello, Boston Children's Hospital ALS and AAC: Proactive Assessment, System Design and Implementation

This plenary will provide an overview of key augmentative communication considerations that ideally are introduced early and proactively but should be considered at any time a person with ALS is able to participate. Each consideration will be discussed in detail and as appropriate, further highlighed through video demonstration including: Use of voice amplification, strategies to enhance speech clarity, introduction to message banking, define and introduce voice banking, introduction to the concept of 'quick access' low-tech tools created and designed in collaboration with each person, quick alternative access strategies including partner-assisted scanning and Laser pointer with low tech boards and assessment and feature matching for speech generating technology.

#### Learning Objectives:

- 1. Participants will be able to list no –tech, low tech and high tech augmentative communication strategies
- 2. Participants can detail the steps for pro-active message banking.
- 3. Participants will be able to describe the feature matching process for assessment and evidence based trials

1:15 – 3:00 Plenary Session Auditorium #130 Peggy Dellea, MS, OT/L, Boston Children's Hospital *Computer Access: A Mouse by Any Other Name* 

As the ALS progresses, motor control declines for many and in some cases, speech may be relatively preserved while movement of the arms and legs is severely compromised. People with ALS leave their jobs, give up use of the computer, and accept assistance with even simple tasks as their abilities to engage in these activities are compromised.

Most people are unaware of the broad range of adaptations and devices designed to compensate for decreased motor control. Many patients can benefit from use of a head mouse, arm supports, or voice recognition software for example. Unfortunately, many patients come to our clinic with the declaration that they have stopped doing certain tasks because they are no longer able to. The truth is, they are still able to do these tasks, just need to be done in a different way.

Learning objectives:

- 1. Discuss benefits of proactive intervention to successful use of computer/AAC device strategies throughout the course of the ALS disease.
- 2. Describe at least four strategies for computer/AAC device access that can be introduced to people facing the loss of functional upper extremity motor control.

This presentation will demonstrate the use of evidenced-based practice in the evaluation process to determine the best technology and make appropriate recommendations for pALS who require Speech Generating Devices. It will show how practitioners can use the tasks deemed most important by the patient to drive those presented in the evaluation and to gather objective data regarding the performance of the patient with various SGDs. A template for evaluating individuals with ALS who need SGDs and documenting their performance by comparing features and parameters between devices will be provided. Videos of portions of evaluations and patients using their SGDs will be shown so participants can gauge the users' accuracy and efficiency.

#### Learning Objectives:

- 1. State 5 mainstream tasks people with ALS rate as highly important in addition to verbal communication.
- 2. Identify 3 parameters (hardware and software) that can be changed on various SGDs to facilitate access.
- 3. Explain 2 ways the Communication Needs Questionnaire can be used to provide data for an AAC evaluation.

11:00 – 12:00 Auditorium #130 Austin Edenfield, Team Gleason *Environment Controls* 

1:15 – 2:30 Auditorium #130 Lisa G. Bardach, MS CCC-SLP, ALS of Michigan Hands On! Demo and Practice with Communication Technology

This session will give participants an opportunity to try out different communication systems with various access methods, including head pointing and eye gaze. The instructor will spend the first 30 minutes demonstrating various tasks and activities, including access to internet, cell phones, and social media as well as face-to-face communication. SGDs from multiple manufacturers will be available and participants will then be encouraged to form small groups and use each other as subjects, setting up systems and selecting appropriate tasks for evaluation.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Describe 3 tasks that would be appropriate for evaluating communication skills in pALS
- 2. Demonstrate the ability to set up and calibrate a high-tech SGD
- 3. State 3 considerations in calibrating a high tech eye gaze system

1:15 – 2:30 Room #335 Peggy Dellea, MS, OT/L Get in Position to Communicate: Seating, Mounting, and Physical Access

It is one thing to use a communication device within an ALS clinic, but it is quite another to use AAC at home and within the community. Successful use of AAC depends on appropriate positioning of the device relative to the user. Consideration must be given to the seating and mobility system in use as well as to the input method. This session will explore barriers and opportunities to mounting and positioning that allow use of AAC devices in all environments. Learning Objectives:

- 1. Discuss at least four considerations regarding mounting/positioning of AAC devices.
- 2. Describe at least four AAC positioning devices and strengths/challenges inherent in the design.

1:15-2:30 Room #231 Austin Edenfield, Team Gleason *Demo: Environment Controls* 

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#### June 9-10, 2017

Bios

#### Lisa Bardach

Lisa Bardach is the SLP at ALS of Michigan, where she developed and implemented a regional clinic to provide AAC and Assistive Technology services to pALS throughout Michigan. She is nationally recognized for her expertise in AAC, specifically in helping people with severe physical challenges gain access to communication technology.

#### John Costello

John Costello is the director of the Augmentative Communication Program and ALS Augmentative Communication Program at Boston Children's Hospital where he has been a speech language pathologist for 32 years. John developed the first of its kind AAC service for the pediatric ICU in the early 90s where he developed the concept of message banking. He has lectured nationally and internationally on topics in augmentative communication and authored or co-authored several articles and chapters. John teaches graduate level courses in AAC at Boston University and MGH Institute of Health Professionals.

#### **Peggy Dellea**

Peggy Dellea works at Boston Children's Hospital within the ALS Service providing assistive technology services with a focus on computer and AAC access. She has participated in research regarding use of a brain-computer interface as a communication tool. She has an OT and a Biomedical Engineering degree from Boston University.

#### Austin Edenfield

Austin Edenfield joined Team Gleason in 2015 as the Technology and Care Coordinator. Edenfield's primary focus is to help provide technology, equipment, and support to people living with ALS so they can live more productive and purposeful lives. He is also engaged with Team Gleason's efforts to partner with technology companies to foster innovative communication devices and other advanced technology and equipment for people with physical limitations. Before joining Team Gleason, Edenfield spent several years working for Apple and Microsoft.